



Category: Monoclonal Antibodies **Cat. #** V3247 Product Name: CD5

Description:

Monoclonal Mouse Anti-Human T-cell, CD5

Immunogen:

Recombinant prokaryotic fusion protein corresponding to the external domain of the CD5 molecule.

Application:

Immunohistochemistry 1:50-1:100.(Frozen sections only) Flow Cytometry 1:150-1:300.

Species Reactivity:

Human. Others not tested.

Recommended Positive Control:

Lymph Node, Tonsil

Presentation:

20 mM tris-borate, 150 mM Sodium Chloride, dialyzed media RPMI 1640/D-MEM containing fetal bovine serum, BMC-6 carrier polysaccharides, carrier protein, and 0.05% Sodium Azide, pH 7.5.

Aliquoting Instructions:

Do not dilute the entire reconstituted solution at once. Withdraw aliquots as needed with a micropipette and keep concentrated stock at 4°C. Dilute according to the particular application being used. In general, the 0.05M borate pH 8.0 containing 0.15M sodium chloride, 0.02% sodium azide, is a good dilutent to use with most antibodies.

Staining Procedure:

This antibody can be used on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections. We recommend an incubation time and temperature of 30 minutes at 37°C when using paraffin-embedded and formalin-fixed tissues, high temperature antigenic unmasking technique is strongly recommended for consistent and reproducible results.

Specificity:

This antibody reacts with a 67 kD molecule present on the surface of more than 95% normal human thymocytes, 72% of peripheral blood lymphocytes, most T-cells and a B-cell subset. This antibody reacts with the great majority of T-cells in peripheral lymphoid tissue. It recognizes T-cell zones in normal lymph nodes and many T-cell leukemias and lymphomas.

Storage:

Store at 2~80 C for short term, freeze under -200C for long term storage.

Size: 0.2 mg Clone: U215 (NKI-CD5) Isotype: IgG1 Host: Mouse Form: Purified Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml Units On Hand: YES

References:

- 1. Chan, J.K.C., et al, Histopatholgy, 25: 517-536, 1994.
- 2. Kasaian, M.T., et al, Proc. Soc. Experimental Biol. and Medicine, 197: 226-241, 1991.
- 3. Jones, N.H. et al, Nature, 323:346-349, 1986.

For Research Use Only

Contact: Antagene, Inc. | Tel: 1 (866) 964-2589 | Fax: 1 (888) 225-1868 | Email: Info@antageneinc.com