



### Polyclonal Anti- P-Cadherin (Sepharose Bead Conjugate)

**Catalogue No.** PA1363-S

**Lot No.** 0131112046327

**Ig type:** rabbit IgG

**Size:** 100µg/vial

**Specificity**

Human,. No cross reactivity with other proteins.

**Recommended application**

*(Immunoprecipitation(IP))*

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the middle region of human P-Cadherin (612-626 aa), different from the mouse and rat sequence by one amino acid.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Formulation**

50% slurry in PBS pH 7.2 with 0.01mg NaN<sub>3</sub> preservative.

**Storage**

Store at 4°C for frequent use.

**Description:**

This Antagene antibody is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated sepharose beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation assays

### BACKGROUND

Cadherins, such as CDH3, are integral membrane glycoproteins responsible for calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion. Cadherin-3 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the CDH3 gene. This gene is a classical cadherin from the cadherin superfamily. The encoded protein is a calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion glycoprotein composed of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a transmembrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. This gene is located in a six-cadherin cluster in a region on the long arm of chromosome 16 that is involved in loss of heterozygosity events in breast and prostate cancer. In addition, aberrant expression of this protein is observed in cervical adenocarcinomas. Mutations in this gene have been associated with congenital hypotrichosis with juvenile macular dystrophy.

### REFERENCE

1. Kaupmann K, Becker-Follmann J, Scherer G, Jockusch H, Starzinski-Powitz A (Dec 1992). "The gene for the cell adhesion molecule M-cadherin maps to mouse chromosome 8 and human chromosome 16q24.1-qter and is near the E-cadherin (uvomorulin) locus in both species". Genomics 14 (2): 488–90.