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## Product Information Sheet

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### **Polyclonal Anti- Superoxide dismutases, SOD(Magnetic Bead Conjugate)**

**Catalogue No.** PA1345-M

**Lot No.** 0131012014599

**Ig type** rabbit IgG

**Size** 100µg/vial

**Specificity**

Human, rat, mouse

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

**Recommended application**

ImmunoPrecipitation (IP)

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminal of Human SOD (113-129 aa), different from the mouse sequence by two amino acids.

**Purity**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Contents**

Each vial contains 1mg/ml Magnetic Bead in PBS, pH 7.2, 0.05mg NaN<sub>3</sub>.

**Storage**

Store at 4°C for frequent use.

**Description**

This Antagene antibody is immobilized by the covalent reaction of hydrazinonicotinamide-modified antibody with formylbenzamide-modified magnetic beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation.

### **BACKGROUND**

Superoxide dismutases (SOD) are a class of enzymes that catalyze the dismutation of superoxide into oxygen and hydrogen peroxide. As such, they are an important antioxidant defense in nearly all cells exposed to oxygen. One of the exceedingly rare exceptions is *Lactobacillus plantarum* and related lactobacilli, which use a different mechanism. Cu,Zn-SOD was found widely distributed in the cell cytosol and in the cell nucleus, consistent with it being a soluble cytosolic protein. Mitochondria and secretory compartments did not label for this protein. In human cells, peroxisomes showed a labeling density slightly less than that of cytoplasm.<sup>1</sup>

### **REFERENCE**

1、Crapo, J. D., Oury, T., Rabouille, C., Slot, J. W., Chang, L.-Y. Copper,zinc superoxide dismutase is primarily a cytosolic protein in human cells. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 89: 10405-10409, 1992.