



Polyclonal Anti-Cyclin D2 (Sepharose Bead Conjugate)

Catalogue No. PA1225-S

Lot No. 09D01

Ig type: rabbit IgG

Size: 100µg/vial

Specificity

Human, mouse, rat. No cross reactivity with other proteins.

Recommended application

(Immunoprecipitation(IP)

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminal of human Cyclin D2, identical to the related rat and mouse sequence.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Formulation

50% slurry in PBS pH 7.2 with 0.01mg NaN₃a₃ preservative.

Storage

Store at 4°C for frequent use.

Description:

This Antagene antibody is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated sepharose beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation assays

BACKGROUND

Cyclin D2, also known as CCND2, is a human gene. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. Cyclin D1, Cyclin D2 and Cyclin D3 are the members of the cyclin family. Cyclin D2 mapped to 12p131, since the CCND1 gene is on 11q13, this may be another bit of evidence of the homology of chromosomes 11 and 12. Choi D *et al* proved the expression of pseudogene cyclin D2 mRNA in the human ovary increases with age, which may be a novel marker for decreased ovarian function associated with the aging process.2 And knockout studies of the homologous gene in mouse suggest the essential roles of this gene in ovarian granulosa and germ cell proliferation. High level expression of this gene was observed in ovarian and testicular tumors.

REFERENCE

1. Inaba, T.; Matsushime, H.; Valentine, M.; Roussel, M. F.; Sherr, C. J.; Look, A. T.: Genomic organization, chromosomal localization, and independent expression of human cyclin D genes. *Genomics* 13: 565-574, 1992. 2. Choi D, Yoon S, Lee E, *et al.* (2001). "The expression of pseudogene cyclin D2 mRNA in the human ovary may be a novel marker for decreased ovarian function associated with the aging process.". *J. Assist. Reprod. Genet.* 18 (2): 110–3.