



Product Information Sheet

Monoclonal Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein, **GFAP**(Sepharose Bead Conjugate)

Catalogue No. MA1045-S

Immunogen

GFAP from pig spinal cord.

Lot No. 08A12

Purification

Clone: GA-8

Purified by the goat anti-mouse IgG affinity chromatography.

Ig type: mouse IgG1

Formulation

50% slurry in PBS pH 7.2 with 0.01mg NaN₃ preservative.

Size: 200µl

Storage

Specificity

Human, mouse, rat.

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

Store at 4°C for frequent use.

Description:

This Antagene antibody is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated sepharose beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation assays.

Recommended application

Immunoprecipitation(IP)

BACKGROUND

Glial fibrillary acidic protein(GFAP) is an intermediate filament protein of 52Kda. GFAP gene is mapped to human 17q21. GFAP is a useful marker of astroglia in the brain. Mutations in GFAP, encoding glial fibrillary acidic protein, are associated with Alexander disease

REFERENCE

- 1 Brenner, M.; Johnson, A. B.; Boespflug-Tanguy, O.; Rodriguez, D.; Goldman, J. E.; Messing, A. : Mutations in GFAP, encoding glial fibrillary acidic protein, are associated with Alexander disease. Nature Genet. 27: 117-120, 2001.
- 2 Rodriguez, D.; Gauthier, F.; Bertini, E.; Bugiani, M.; Brenner, M.; N'guyen, S.; Goizet, C.; Gelot, A.; Surtees, R.; Pedespan, J.-M.; Hernandorena, X.; Troncoso, M.; Uziel, G.; Messing, A.; Ponsot, G.; Pham-Dinh, D.; Dautigny, A.; Boespflug-Tanguy, O. : Infantile Alexander disease: spectrum of GFAP mutations and genotype-phenotype correlation. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 69: 1134-1140, 2001. Note: Erratum: Am. J. Hum. Genet. 69: 1413 only, 2001.

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