Mouse Monoclonal Antibody  $\beta$  Actin conjugated to Sepharose Beads

CatalogNo: ANT8343-S

Size 200ul

Storage Store at 4 °C for frequent use

#### Description

This Antagene antibody is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to Nhydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated sepharose beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation assays.

## $\beta$ Actin (ANT0019R) Rabbit mAb

Formulation: 50% slurry in PBS pH 7.2 with 0.01mg NaN3a3 preservative.

Host Species• Rabbit• Human,Mouse,Rat,	<ul><li>Reactivity</li><li>WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA</li></ul>	Applications
MW • 42kD (Calculated) • IgG,Kappa 42kD (Observed)	Isotype	

## Recommended Dilution Ratios

IP Basic Informa	tion		
Clonality	Monoclonal		
Clone Number	ANT0019R		
Immunogen Information			

Specificity Endogenous

# Target Information

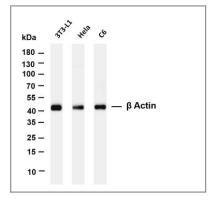
Gene name	АСТВ				
Protein Name	Actin cytoplasmic 1				
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID		
	Human	<u>60</u> ;	<u>P60709</u> ;		
	Mouse	<u>11461</u> ;	<u>P60710</u> ;		
	Rat	<u>81822</u> ;	<u>P60711</u> ;		
Cellular	Cytoplasm				

#### Localization

Tissue specificity B-cell lymphoma, Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Eye, Fetal brain cortex, Foreskin, Hepatocellular car

**Function** Disease:Defects in ACTB are a cause of dystonia juvenile-onset (DYTJ) [MIM:607371]. DYTJ is a form of dystonia with juvenile onset. Dystonia is defined by the presence of sustained involuntary muscle contraction, often leading to abnormal postures. DYTJ patients manifest progressive, generalized, dopa-unresponsive dystonia, developmental malformations and sensory hearing loss., Function: Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.,miscellaneous:In vertebrates 3 main groups of actin isoforms, alpha, beta and gamma have been identified. The alpha actins are found in muscle tissues and are a major constituent of the contractile apparatus. The beta and gamma actins coexist in most cell types as components of the cytoskeleton and as mediators of internal cell motility.,similarity:Belongs to the actin family.,subunit:Polymerization of globular actin (Gactin) leads to a structural filament (F-actin) in the form of a two-stranded helix. Each actin can bind to 4 others. Component of the BAF complex, which includes at least actin (ACTB), ARID1A, ARID1B/BAF250, SMARCA2, SMARCA4/BRG1, ACTL6A/BAF53, ACTL6B/BAF53B, SMARCE1/BAF57 SMARCC1/BAF155, SMARCC2/BAF170, SMARCB1/SNF5/INI1, and one or more of SMARCD1/BAF60A, SMARCD2/BAF60B, or SMARCD3/BAF60C. In muscle cells, the BAF complex also contains DPF3. Found in a complex with XPO6, Ran, ACTB and PFN1. Interacts with XPO6.,

## Validation Data



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti $\beta$  Actin (ANT0019R) antibody. The HRPconjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: 3T3-L1 Lane 2: Hela Lane 3: C6 Predicted band size: 42kDa Observed band size: 42kDa