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Mouse Monoclonal Antibody IRF3 conjugated to Sepharose Beads

CatalogNo: ANT8227-S

Size 200ul

Storage Store at 4 °C for frequent use

Description

This Antagene antibody is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to Nhydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated sepharose beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation assays.

IRF3 (ANT0076R) Rabbit mAb

Formulation: 50% slurry in PBS pH 7.2 with 0.01mg NaN3a3 preservative.

Host Species Rabbit 	• Human,Mouse,Rat,	ReactivityWB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA	Applications
MW • 47kD (Calcu 55kD (Observ	ulated) • IgG,Kappa red)	Isotype	

Recommended Dilution Ratios

IP Basic Information

Clonality

Monoclonal

Immunogen Information

Specificity	Endogenous				
Gene name	IRF3				
Protein Name	IRF3				
		Organism	Gene I	D UniProt ID	
		Human	<u>3661</u>	; <u>Q14653</u> ;	
		Mouse		<u>54131</u> ;	<u>P70671;</u>

Cellular Cytoplasm, Nucleus

Localization

Tissue specificity Expressed constitutively in a variety of tissues.

Function

Function: Mediates interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) promoter activation. Functions as a molecular switch for antiviral activity. DsRNA generated during the course of an viral infection leads to IRF3 phosphorylation on the C-terminal serine/threonine cluster. This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization, nuclear localization and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of genes under the control of ISRE. The complex binds to the IE and PRDIII regions on the IFN-alpha and IFN-beta promoters respectively. IRF-3 does not have any transcription activation domains., ANTM: Constitutively phosphorylated on many serines residues. C-terminal serine/threonine cluster is phosphorylated in response of induction by IKBKE and TBK1. Ser-385 and Ser-386 may be specifically phosphorylated in response to induction. An alternate model propose that the five serine/threonine residues between 396 and 405 are phosphorylated in response to a viral infection. Phosphorylation, and subsequent activation of IRF3 is inhibited by vaccinia virus protein E3., similarity: Belongs to the IRF family., similarity: Contains 1 tryptophan pentad repeat DNA-binding domain.,subcellular location:Shuttles between cytoplasmic and nuclear compartments, with export being the prevailing effect. When activated, IRF3 interaction with CREBBP prevents its export to the cytoplasm., subunit: Homodimer; phosphorylation-induced. Interacts with CREBBP. May interact with MAVS. Interacts with IKBKE and TBK1. Interacts with TICAM1 and TICAM2. Interacts with rotavirus A NSP1 (via Cterminus); this interaction leads to the proteasome-dependent degradation of IRF3., tissue specificity: Expressed constitutively in a variety of tissues.,

Validation Data



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-IRF3 (ANT0076R) antibody. The HRPconjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: THP-1 Lane 3: Mouse spleen Predicted band size: 47kDa Observed band size: 55kDa Rat stomach was stained with anti-IRF3 (ANT0076R) rabbit antibody

Human stomach was stained with anti-IRF3 (ANT0076R) rabbit antibody

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