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Mouse Monoclonal Antibody PAK1 conjugated to Sepharose Beads

CatalogNo: ANT8201-M

Size 200ul

Storage Store at 4 °C for frequent use

Description

This Antagene antibody is immobilized by the covalent reaction of hydrazinonicotinamidemodified antibody with formylbenzamide-modified beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation.

## PAK1 (ANT0042R) Rabbit mAb

Formulation: Each vial contains 1mg/ml Magnetic Bead in PBS, pH 7.2, 0.05mg ANaN3.

Host Species <ul> <li>Rabbit</li> </ul>	• Human,Mouse,Rat,	<ul><li>Reactivity</li><li>WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA</li></ul>	Applications
MW • 61kD (Calcu 61kD (Observ	ılated) • IgG,Kappa ed)	Isotype	

# Recommended Dilution Ratios

### IP Basic Information

Clonality

Monoclonal

### Immunogen Information

Specificity	Endogenous

Gene name PAK1

Protein Name Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 1

	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID	
	Human	<u>5058</u> ;	<u>Q13153</u> ;	
	Mouse		<u>088643</u> ;	
	Rat	<u>29431</u> ;	<u>P35465</u> ;	
ar	Cytoplasm			

#### Localization

Cellu

Tissue specificity Overexpressed in gastric cancer cells and tissues (at protein level) (PubMed:25766321).

Function Catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation: Activated by binding small G proteins. Binding of GTP-bound CDC42 or RAC1 to the autoregulatory region releases monomers from the autoinhibited dimer, enables phosphorylation of Thr-423 and allows the kinase domain to adopt an active structure. Also activated by binding to GTP-bound CDC42, independent of the phosphorylation state of Thr-423. Phosphorylation of Thr-84 by OXSR1 inhibits this activation., Function: The activated kinase acts on a variety of targets. Likely to be the GTPase effector that links the Rhorelated GTPases to the JNK MAP kinase pathway. Activated by CDC42 and RAC1. Involved in dissolution of stress fibers and reorganization of focal complexes. Involved in regulation of microtubule biogenesis through phosphorylation of TBCB. Activity is inhibited in cells undergoing apoptosis, potentially due to binding of CDC2L1 and CDC2L2., ANTM: Autophosphorylated when activated by CDC42/p21 and RAC1., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. STE Ser/Thr protein kinase family. STE20 subfamily., similarity: Contains 1 CRIB domain., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain., subcellular location: Recruited to focal adhesions upon activation., subunit: Homodimer in its autoinhibited state. Active as monomer. Interacts

tightly with GTP-bound but not GDP-bound CDC42/P21 and RAC1. Binds to the caspasecleaved p110 isoform of CDC2L1 and CDC2L2, p110C, but not the full-length proteins.

Component of cytoplasmic complexes, which also contain PXN, ARHGEF6 and GIT1. Interacts with ARHGEF7. Also interacts with CRIPAK. Interacts with NISCH.,

# Validation Data



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-PAK1 (ANT0042R) antibody. The HRPconjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: C6 Lane 3: Jurkat Lane 4: U-14 Predicted band size: 61kDa Observed band size: 61kDa Human brain was stained with anti-PAK1 (ANT0042R) rabbit antibody

Human hepatocellular carcinoma was stained with anti-PAK1 (ANT0042R) rabbit antibody



Rat brain was stained with anti-PAK1 (ANT0042R) rabbit antibody

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