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Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Collagen IV conjugated to Sepharose Beads

CatalogNo: ANT8073-S

Size 200ul

Storage Store at 4 °C for frequent use

Description

This Antagene antibody is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated sepharose beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation assays.

Collagen IV (ANT0031R) Rabbit mAb

Formulation: 50% slurry in PBS pH 7.2 with 0.01mg NaN3a3 preservative.

Host Species Reactivity Applications

RabbitHuman,WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA

MW Isotype160kD (Calculated)IgG,Kappa

200kD (Observed)

Recommended Dilution Ratios

IP

Basic Information

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone Number ANT0031R

Immunogen Information Specificity

Endogenous

Gene name COL4A1

Protein Name Collagen Type IV

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>1282</u> ;	<u>P02462</u> ;

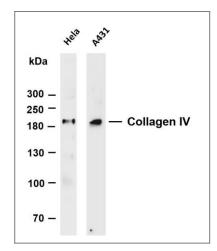
Cellular Cytoplasmic

Localization

Tissue specificity Highly expressed in placenta.

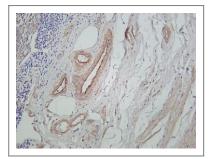
Function

Disease:Defects in COL4A1 are a cause of brain small vessel disease with hemorrhage [MIM:607595]. Brain small vessel diseases underlie 20 to 30 percent of ischemic strokes and a larger proportion of intracerebral hemorrhages. Inheritance is autosomal dominant., Disease: Defects in COL4A1 are a cause of porencephaly type 1 [MIM:175780]; also known as encephaloclastic porencephaly. Porencephaly is a term used for any cavitation or cerebrospinal fluid-filled cyst in the brain. Porencephaly type 1 is usually unilateral and results from focal destructive lesions such as fetal vascular occlusion or birth trauma. Inheritance is autosomal dominant., Disease: Defects in COL4A1 are the cause of hereditary angiopathy with nephropathy, aneurysms, and muscle cramps (HANAC) [MIM:611773]. The clinical renal manifestations include hematuria and bilateral large cysts. Histologic analysis revealed complex basement membrane defects in kidney and skin. The systemic angiopathy appears to affect both small vessels and large arteries., Domain: Alpha chains of type IV collagen have a non-collagenous domain (NC1) at their C-terminus, frequent interruptions of the G-X-Y repeats in the long central triple-helical domain (which may cause flexibility in the triple helix), and a short N-terminal triple-helical 7S domain., Function: Type IV collagen is the major structural component of glomerular basement membranes (GBM), forming a 'chicken-wire' meshwork together with laminins, proteoglycans and entactin/nidogen. Potently inhibits endothelial cell proliferation and angiogenesis. Inhibits angiogenesis potentially via mechanisms involving cell surface proteoglycans and the alpha and beta integrins of endothelial cells., ANTM: Lysines at the third position of the tripeptide repeating unit (G-X-Y) are hydroxylated in all cases and bind carbohydrates., PTM: Prolines at the third position of the tripeptide repeating unit (G-X-Y) are hydroxylated in some or all of the chains.,PTM:The trimeric structure of the NC1 domains may be stabilized by covalent bonds between Lys and Met residues., PTM: Type IV collagens contain numerous cysteine residues which are involved in inter- and intramolecular disulfide bonding. 12 of these, located in the NC1 domain, are conserved in all known type IV collagens., similarity: Belongs to the type IV collagen family., similarity: Contains 1 collagen IV NC1 (C-terminal non-collagenous) domain., subunit: There are six type IV collagen isoforms, alpha 1(IV)-alpha 6(IV), each of which can form a triple helix structure with 2 other chains to generate type IV collagen network., tissue specificity: Highly expressed in placenta.,



Validation Data

Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Collagen IV (ANT0031R) antibody. The HRPconjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: A431 Predicted band size: 160kDa Observed band size: 200kDa



Human appendix was stained with Anti-Collagen IV (ANT0031R) rabbit antibody

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